

①

$$\begin{array}{r} x-1 \\ x-1 \overline{) x^2 - 2x - 15} \\ \underline{-x^2 + x} \phantom{-15} \\ -x - 15 \\ \underline{+x + 1} \\ -12 \end{array}$$

$$S.A = (x-1)$$

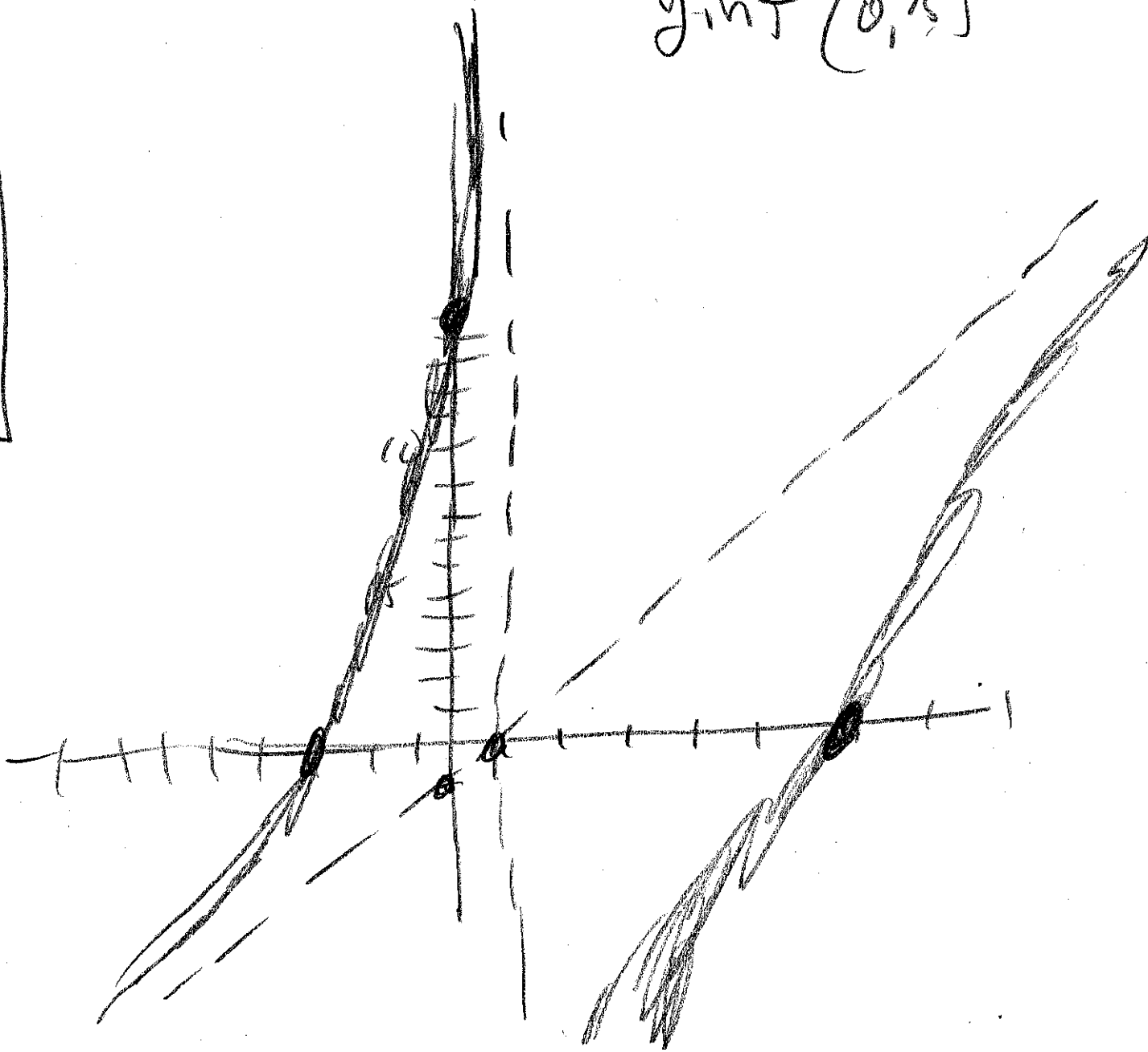
$$\frac{(x-5)(x+3)}{x-1}$$

$$V.A \quad x=1$$

$$\text{zeros } (5, 0) \quad (-3, 0)$$

$$y\text{-int } (0, 15)$$

Ps 4 Key



$$\textcircled{2} \quad +6 \mid \begin{array}{cccc} 1 & -8 & 17 & -30 \\ \downarrow +6 & -12 & 30 & \\ \hline 1 & -2 & 5 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$(x-6)(x^2-2x+5)$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= 6 \\ x &= 1 - \sqrt{6} \\ x &= 1 + \sqrt{6} \end{aligned}$$

other zeros

$$x^2 - 2x + 5 = 0$$

$$2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 4(1)(5)}$$

$$x = \frac{2(1)}{2(1)}$$

$$\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{24}}{2}$$

$$2$$

$$\frac{2 \pm 2\sqrt{6}}{2}$$

$$2$$

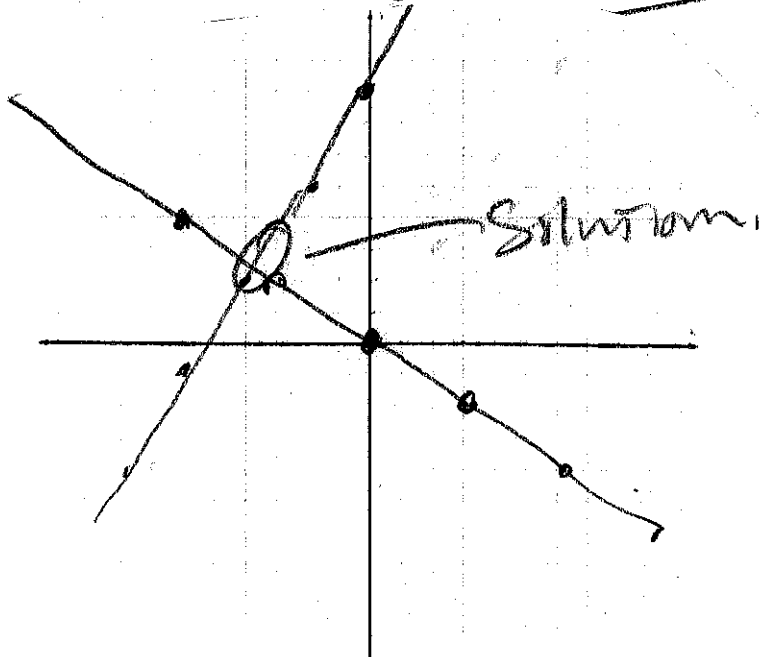
$$1 \pm \sqrt{6}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad 2x + 3y = 7 \rightarrow y = -\frac{2}{3}x$$

$$3x - 2y = -16$$

$$-2y = -3x - 16$$

$$y = \frac{3}{2}x + 8$$



$$(1) (-5, -8) (-1, -1)$$

$$m = \frac{-1 + 8}{-1 + 5} = \frac{7}{4}$$

$$y + 8 = \frac{7}{4}(x + 5)$$

or

$$y + 1 = \frac{7}{4}(x + 1)$$

(2)

$$2|x-5| - 3 \geq 7$$

$$2|x-5| \geq 10$$

$$|x-5| \geq 5$$

$$x-5 \leq -5 \quad x-5 \geq 5$$

$$x \leq 0 \quad x \geq 10$$

$$(-\infty, 0] \cup [10, \infty)$$

(6)

$$(0, 85,000) \quad (12, 42,000)$$

Periodic model is probably better "each year"

$$42,000 = 85,000 b^{12}$$

$$0.4941 = b^{12} \rightarrow \sqrt[12]{0.4941} \quad b \approx 0.9429$$

$$y = 85,000(0.9429)^x$$

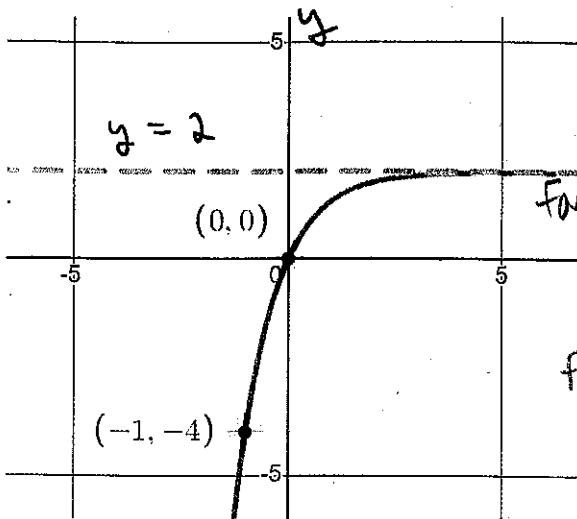
$$2030 = 17 \text{ yrs} \quad 85,000(0.9429)^{17}$$

$$\approx 31,310$$

You may complete your work on these sheets for these graphs

For each graph, write an appropriate function:

7.



Exponential  
 $y = ab^x + 2$

$$y = -2\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x + 2$$

For (0,0)  $0 = ab^0 + 2$

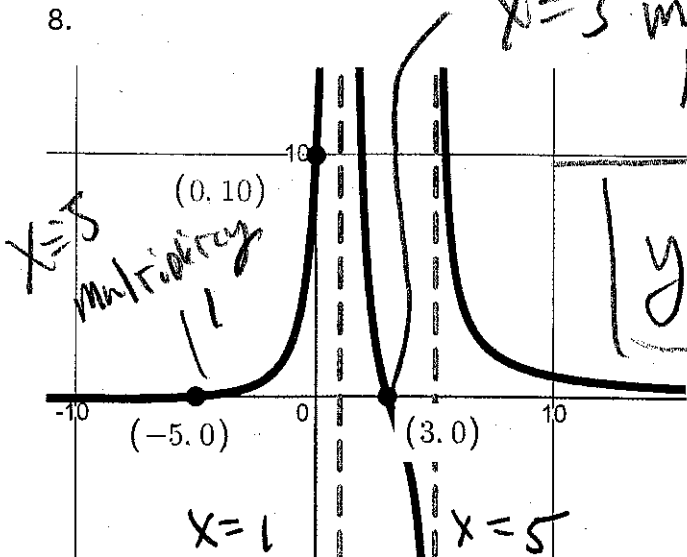
$$-2 = a$$

For (-1,-4)

$$\begin{aligned} -4 &= -2b^{-1} + 2 \\ -6 &= \frac{-2}{b} \end{aligned}$$

$x=3$  multiplying  $bb = -2 \quad b = \frac{1}{3}$

8.



$x=5$  multiplying

$$y = \frac{10(x+5)(x-3)}{3(x-1)^2(x-5)}$$

if  $y \cdot x = 0, 10$   
 must be a stretch factor

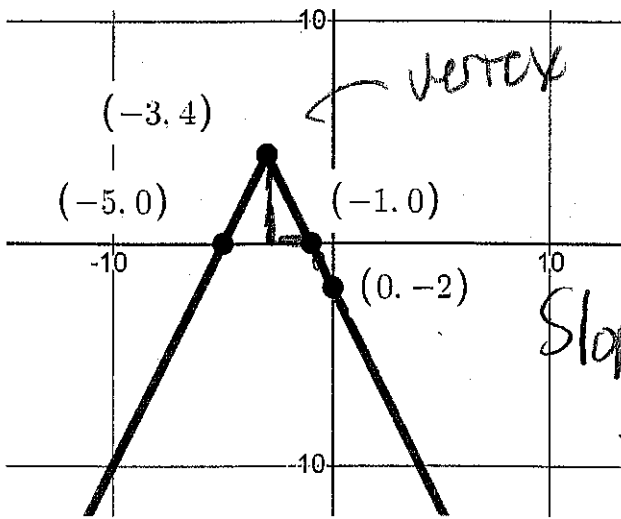
$$10 = \frac{a(0+5)(0-3)}{(0-1)^2(0-5)}$$

$$10 = \frac{a(-15)}{-5} \rightarrow 10 = 3a$$

$$\frac{10}{3} = a$$

↑  
 VA's  
 act like  
 $\frac{1}{x^2}$

09.



Abs value,

$$y = a|x+3|+4$$

$$y = -2|x+3|+4$$

Slope =  $-\frac{4}{2} = -2$  or this way

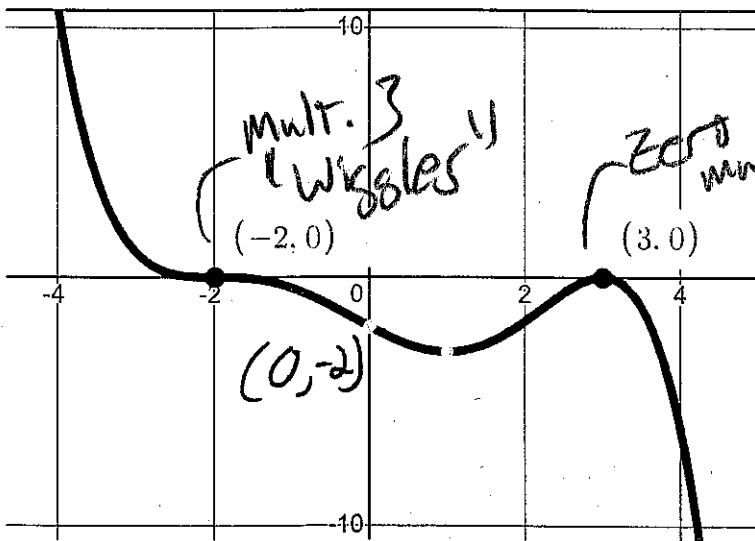
Passes thru  $(-1, 0)$

$$0 = a|-1+3|+4$$

$$-4 = a(2)$$

$$-2 = a$$

10.



mult. 3  
"wiggles"

zero mult 2  
"bounces"

Polynomial

$$y = a(x+2)^3(x-3)^2$$

Passes thru  $(0, -2)$

$$-2 = a(0+2)^3(0-3)^2$$

$$-2 = a(8)(9)$$

$$\frac{-2}{72} = a \text{ or } -\frac{1}{36}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{36}(x+2)^3(x-3)^2$$